

## SAYS KAISER IS ON LOW MORAL LEVEL

Socialist Argues He Rejects Duelling for Himself, But Not for Others.

### REICHTAG THEN ACTS

Adopts Resolution to Dismiss Army Officers Who Issue Challenges.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, May 13.—The Reichstag today adopted a comprehensive resolution dealing with the whole subject of duelling in the army, which has been the cause of so much discussion of late.

The chief provision in the resolution is that any army officer who participates in a duel or challenges another officer to take part in one shall be dismissed from the service.

An amendment offered by the Socialist leaders was also adopted. It prescribes that no officer shall be dismissed from the army for refusing to take part in a duel.

The chief feature of the debate was a speech by the Socialist Ledeboer, in which he scored the Kaiser for sanctioning duelling. Herr Ledeboer said in effect that those who recognize duelling as a low moral level. But even beyond that, the man who rejected duelling for himself and his family while as a commander of troops he forced others to fight was of the very lowest moral level.

The President of the Reichstag here interrupted and rebuked the speaker for such allusions to the sovereign which, he said, were not permissible.

Herr Ledeboer replied that he was not referring to persons, but to their views. He went on to say that if a prince were shot there would promptly come an imperial order to stop duelling.

It is not likely that anything will be done to make the resolution effective. The Government will treat it as a pious opinion and that will be the end of it. Nevertheless, the periodical repetition of such protests may in course of time have a cumulative effect.

### WORLD'S HORSE SHOW JUDGES.

Americans Well Represented on Olympia Committee.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—The selection of judges for the international horse show at Olympia made today. Among the ones selected, Sir Gilbert Greenall will judge throughout the show with Capt. J. J. Groom of Philadelphia, who will adjudicate on the coaching marathon and the coaching Corinthian. He will be assisted by E. Von der Horst Koch in behalf of the United States in dealing with teams and in the coaching club competition.

Sir Gilbert Greenall and Reginald Vandenberg will judge the classes for harness horses. Sir Gilbert also will be aided by Mr. Groom in judging the tandems and four-in-hands.

Alfred Vanderbilt also will be a judge. The trotters and roadsters will be judged by a committee which will include E. Von der Horst Koch and Llewellyn Meredith in behalf of the United States.

### GERMAN NAVY ADVANCES

Reichstag Adopts Proposals for Important Increases.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, May 13.—The Reichstag in committee on the budget today adopted the proposals for the naval increase under the estimates of 1912-13. The Socialists voted solidly against the bill.

The Reichstag's action means that Germany will continue her policy of steady naval construction. In the course of a few years this will place Germany's navy in a position above that of the United States navy, whereas the fleets of the two countries are now ranked as approximately equal in tonnage and gun power.

### DINNER FOR FAIR'S ENVOYS.

Panama Pacific Commission Then Leaves Russia for Austria.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, May 13.—The Panama Pacific Commission, headed by John Hays Hammond, wound up its work here tonight with a dinner at the American embassy. Mr. Hammond and the other members of the commission left at midnight for Vienna, where they are to take up the work of booming the San Francisco exposition. Richard Kerens, the American ambassador at the Austrian court, will give a reception in their honor on the 15th.

### WAR ON MUNICH LOAN SHARKS.

One Who Charged 350 Per Cent. a Year Sent to Prison.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MUNICH, May 13.—This place must have been a paradise for money lenders. One of them was sentenced today to serve five years in jail and pay a fine of \$3,750 for charging extortionate rates of interest on loans. It is some cases this rate amounted to 350 per cent. a year.

### SINGS FOR DOWAGER QUEEN.

Wife of U. S. Consul at Tripoli Praised by Margherita.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. TRIPOLETTI, May 13.—The Dowager Queen Margherita gave an audience today to Mrs. Woods, the wife of the American Consul at Tripoli.

Accompanied Mrs. Woods to sing and warmly congratulated her on her wonderful voice and excellent training.

### All Bread Served in Paper.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—The municipal authorities have decreed that no bread or other food shall be served in restaurants until wrapped in paper with the seal of the health authority.

### Many Lives Lost in Forest Fires.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, May 13.—At least twenty lives have been lost, fifteen burned and a great area of timber burned and the cattle burned by forest fires that are sweeping the Pacific coast of Costa Rica.

## NOTED OPERA SINGER DEAD.

Bressler-Gianoli, Impresario of Carmen, Succumbs to Operation.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. GENEVA, May 13.—Mme. Bressler-Gianoli, who sang as Carmen in the Manhattan Opera House in New York and who was engaged for America for the season of 1912, died here today after an operation for appendicitis.

Mme. Bressler-Gianoli sang the roles of Carmen, Mignon and Amneris in Oscar Hammerstein's first season of opera at the Manhattan Opera House, 1909 and 1907. Her powerful and unconventional performance in "Carmen" was largely responsible for Mr. Hammerstein's first complete triumph, on December 14, 1906.

Mme. Bressler-Gianoli first came to New York with a French opera company from New Orleans, which came to grief after a few performances at the Casino. She sang scenes from "Orfeo" at a benefit for the stranded company given in the Metropolitan Opera House. For years she was troubled by nearsightedness, and in one of the Manhattan performances of "Carmen" she was wounded in an encounter with Charles Dalmores, who was singing Don Jose.

She was reengaged for the second season at the Manhattan, but with the exception of Carmen she sang small parts.

At the close of that season she returned to her home in Geneva, but returned to America in 1910 when Andreas Dippel engaged her for the Metropolitan Opera Company. She was not satisfied to sing the "old women's parts" to which she was assigned and soon went back to Europe. She sang at La Scala in Milan in "Carmen," "Samson et Delila" and "La Favorita."

She also appeared in several other cities before her rapidly failing sight forced her to go to Zurich to be near a famous oculist. Mr. Dippel offered her a place in the company engaged for the New Theatre, but she had to decline.

Mme. Bressler-Gianoli was about 40 years of age. She was educated at the Paris Conservatory, made her debut in Lyons and as young woman sang Wagner roles.

## AGREE ON DIPLOMATIC CHANGE.

Kaiser and Chancellor Decide on Biebertstein's Transfer.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, May 13.—The appointment of Baron Marschall von Biebertstein as German Ambassador to Great Britain was finally fixed up at a conference at Karlsruhe today between the Kaiser, the diplomat and the Imperial Chancellor, Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg.

Great Britain notified the German Government on May 11 that the appointment would be an acceptable one and the Baron's appointment will shortly be gazetted.

It is expected he will take up his new post about the middle of June.

## MORE RIOTING IN PANAMA.

Registration Fights Continue—American Supervision Urged.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PANAMA, May 13.—One man was killed and several others were wounded during registration fights in Chitre, Province of Los Santos, on Sunday.

The excitement over the Presidential campaign is intense and fair minded men on both sides are joining in a demand for American supervision of the coming election.

This was done four years ago, and it is claimed that unless similar action is taken now the election will not be a fair one.

## GREENWICH SIGHTS COMET.

Danish Astronomer Also Reports Tail of Intense Magnitude.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—Dr. Hansen, the Danish astronomer, notified the Greenwich observatory tonight that the tail of a comet of intense magnitude was observed at 2 A. M. on May 10, in the constellation Cygnus.

The comet has since been located by the Greenwich observers, and is now visible every night through telescopes.

## WALES ON FRENCH WARSHIP.

Prince Accepts Invitation to Attend Fleet Exercises.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, May 13.—It is announced that the Prince of Wales will be the guest of Admiral Lapeyrou on board the flagship Denton, which will leave with the fleet on May 19 for a week's maneuvers.

The Prince accepted the Admiral's invitation with delight.

## PARAGUAN REBELS ROUTED.

Government Victory Believed to End the Revolution.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ASUNCION, Paraguay, May 13.—The Government troops today defeated the rebels, 500 of whom with all their artillery and 1,000 rifles were captured. Many of the rebel leaders were killed. Ex-President Jara, leader of the revolt, was wounded but fled. The revolution is now regarded as at an end.

## ITALY TO KEEP RHODES?

Leads Quantity of War Material—Repairs Ports.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ATHENS, May 13.—Steamships arriving here from the Aegean Sea report that the Italians are making preparations for a prolonged occupation of the island of Rhodes. They have landed quantities of war material and provisions and are installing telephone and aerograph apparatus. They have also begun dredging the harbor, repairing the fortifications and laying tramway tracks.

## Dryest Spring in Centuries.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, May 13.—The month of May, 1912, so far has been the hottest since Paris has kept a weather bureau. The records also are said to show that this spring is the driest in two and a half centuries.

## Refuses to Refer Miners' Dispute.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—Lord St. Aldwyn, the arbitrator in the local minimum wage dispute in South Wales, has refused to grant either the demands of the miners or the owners for a reference of the trouble to the conciliation board.

## Rains Threaten Egyptian Cotton.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CAIRO, Egypt, May 13.—The season's cotton crop is threatened by unusually heavy rains. The damage is already very serious.

## DIRECT ELECTION OF SENATORS IN SIGHT

House Accepts Bristow Amendment and Passes the Resolution.

### NOW GOES TO PRESIDENT

Latest Change in the Bill Gives Congress the Power to Regulate the Elections.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—As a result of action taken today by the House, an amendment proposing a modification of the Federal Constitution whereby United States Senators shall be elected by direct vote of the people will soon be submitted to the forty-eight States of the Union. After a protracted controversy in conference the House today receded from its former position on the direct election resolution and accepted the Bristow amendment by a vote of 237 to 130.

The Bristow amendment, which was adopted by the Senate, reserves in Congress the power to prescribe the time, manner and place of holding Senatorial elections. It was opposed by Southerners who expressed fear of Federal interference with their elections. The proposed amendment the Constitution reads as follows:

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State elected by the people thereof for six years, and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies, provided that the Legislature of any State may empower the Governor thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the Legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

Southern Democrats declared tonight that their States will never ratify the amendment in its present form.

The following Southern Democrats voted against accepting the Bristow amendment: Adamson, Bartlett, Bell, Brantley, Edwards, Howard, Hughes, Lee, Roderick, Tillis, and others.

Majority Leader Underwood voted for the Bristow amendment and made a speech in which he declared he did not share the fear of many of his Southern colleagues that the South would suffer from the enactment of another force bill. He did not believe the present method of electing United States Senators was responsible to the people, that it added, in his judgment, the best way to strengthen and perpetuate constitutional government was by giving to the people the right to elect their Senators.

Mr. Underwood said that he would prefer to submit the amendment as it originally passed the House, but that rather than endanger ultimate success he was willing to waive his opposition.

When Representative Rucker of Missouri, chairman of the House conference, called up the proposed amendment today Representative Bartlett of Georgia offered a preferential amendment as follows:

Provided, that Congress shall not have authority to alter the mode of election of Senators until the various States of the United States, nor to authorize the appointment of supervisors of elections, judges of elections or returning boards to certify the results of any such elections; nor to authorize the use of United States marshals or the military forces of the United States or troops of the United States at the polls during said elections.

This amendment was defeated, 189 to 89. By unanimous consent an hour's delay was allowed for debate. Representative Rucker led the fight for the acceptance of the Bristow amendment.

Minority Leader Mann, Representative Henry of Texas, Representative Hobson of Kansas were among those who joined Majority Leader Underwood and Mr. Rucker in advocating the acceptance of the Bristow amendment.

Mr. Underwood said that the passage of the amendment would be a great step toward securing the passage of the popular elections resolution. Messrs. Simpson of Mississippi, Hardy of Texas and Chandler of Mississippi were among those who spoke in opposition.

While the opponents of the Bristow amendment held only 39 votes, the hot blooded Southern Democrats were aroused over the action of the House. Representative Bartlett charged in his speech that Majority Leader Underwood had promised to support his amendment and expressed surprise that he championed the other side.

Representative Francis Burton Harrison of New York was one of the few Northern members to vote for the Bartlett amendment.

## FEARED HE'D BE BURIED ALIVE.

Rich Man's Will Explains Why Autopsy Was Performed.

MEDIA, Pa., May 13.—The mystery surrounding the autopsy performed upon the body of John Henry White, a wealthy resident of Darby Borough, who died of pneumonia several weeks ago, was explained today when his will was offered for probate before Register of Wills Kraeger.

One clause of the will explains that White was afraid of being buried alive, and he ordered his legatees, under threat of being eliminated from participation in the estate, to have an autopsy performed, have the heart removed and have the body thoroughly embalmed before being placed in the family vault or in the ground.

"Failure to carry out these provisions," the clause reads, "shall annul the remaining portion of this will, and it will be void the same as if it never had been written."

It was explained by relatives that Mr. White had an unexplainable fear of being buried alive. Some time he had read a story of a person having been buried alive, and he immediately changed his will to provide against such an exigency.

## Charles Emerson Cook Broke.

Charles Emerson Cook, a theatrical manager of 128 West Forty-fourth street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities \$10,000 and no assets. Mr. Cook filed another petition on January 27, 1910, which was closed up without a discharge. Mr. Cook has long been employed by David Wallace as a press representative and manager.

## SAYS LAWYERS BLOCK WORKERS.

H. G. Wells Fears Useless Barriers May Cause Revolt.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—"Lawyers made the French Revolution and they may yet, on a different side, bring about an English one." This is the kernel of the second warning article by H. G. Wells, the novelist, in the *Daily Mail*, a series of articles on the present labor unrest.

Mr. Wells trounces the existing Parliamentary government. He declares that barristers have ousted other types of men from political power until the country is now governed to a large extent not by the people for the people, but by the barristers for the barristers, who after a career of distinguished, active fruitlessness leave the world as they found it.

Mr. Wells argues at length that the lawyer politician is blocking the aspirations and progress of workers. He contends that it is necessary to destroy the party system which sustains him and to that end there must be established proportional representation with large constituencies.

The writer claims that the workers are patient and reasonable and prepared to take orders. They will recognize superior knowledge and ability if treated fairly and openly, and he appeals to the gentlemen of England to procure a change of tone and a new generosity in dealing with the claims of labor.

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## MEDIUM TELLS OF WORD FROM STEAD

Swoons at Seance, Then Remarks "Last Scenes Aboard the Titanic."

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MANCHESTER, May 13.—The *Daily* Dispatch says that it hears that a message was received from William T. Stead, who perished on the Titanic, through the medium at a seance at Rothsay. The medium, who is the wife of a friend of Stead's, swooned.

She jumped up and seizing other women there, pushed them across the room, urging them to "enter the boat." Afterward she cried out "God pity us." She followed this with "Thy will be done" and "Nearer, My God, to thee."

After an interval the medium spoke again. She said: "I know I have passed over. The past has been like a nightmare with a sudden awakening."

The question was asked: "Who are you?" and the medium replied: "I am Stead. I know where I am. I was here before, but was unable to make an appeal to all God-fearing men and women for help. I wish to break in the thought. It is easier to break in here than elsewhere. Could you see the misery of the lost as I saw it your hearts would bleed for them; called to part with all their cherished hopes and plunge into the terrors of the Unknown you would weep and pray for them."

Mr. Stead, through the medium, went on to speak of the foolishness of the rich and possessions of this earth. It was at his suggestion, so the spirit said, that the band played "Nearer, My God, to Thee," as the ship went down.

## LONDON TAILORS DIVIDED.

West End Men for Peace, but Strike Spreads on East Side.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 13.—The strike in regard to the tailors' strike is becoming more confused. The executive committee of the Amalgamated Society of Tailors held a meeting today and adopted a resolution to the effect that the men should go back to work. On the other hand the rival organization, the London Society of Tailors, decided to continue the strike. The result is that the strike is spreading in the East End, and this evening it is estimated that 50,000 men are out.

## ITALY CONTROLS AEGEAN SEA.

Seizure of Islands Blockades Turkey From Mediterranean.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ROME, May 13.—The Government today confirmed the report that the Italians had occupied the islands of Leros, Patmos and Colymnos.

Press despatches announce that Italy has occupied Karpathos, Kass, Pinosco (Tilos), and Nisyros in the Grecian archipelago, which, if true, completely closes the Aegean Sea. This means that the Turks are blockaded from the Mediterranean and consequently unable to despatch warships to Tripoli.

## ISMAI PLANS PENSION FUND.

Will Give \$100,000 for Seamen as Thank Offering.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LIVERPOOL, May 13.—The *Journal of Commerce* announces that J. Bruce Ismay, the managing director of the White Star company, is to found an endowment fund of probably \$100,000 to provide pensions for disabled seamen of all classes or their widows as a memorial to the heroism of the crew of the Titanic and as something in the nature of a thank offering for the surviving passengers.

## When Greek Meets Cretan.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ATHENS, May 13.—M. Lionakis, the leader of the Cretan extremists, who has arrived here, announces the unconditional termination of the Cretan revolutionary committee to secure an entry into the Greek Chamber for the Cretan Deputies. M. Lionakis, however, has been informed of a similar determination on the part of the Greek Government, and the Deputies shall not be admitted to the Greek Parliament.

## Carlisle Merely Looking for Bride.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MADRID, May 13.—A prominent Carlisle who recently saw Don Jaime, the head of the movement, says he is looking about for a bride. His recent visit to the European courts was in connection with a wife, but nothing was settled.

## Supports Spanish Government.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MADRID, May 13.—The Chamber of Deputies was crowded today when the House affirmed its confidence in the Ministry of Premier Canalejas. The vote was 190 to 73. This majority, with one exception, is the largest known during the history of the present Cortes.

## AUTHORS' LEAGUE IS LIKELY TO BE A GO

Will Be Purely a Business Organization With No Social End.

### GOOD MEN BACK OF IT

Plan of Correcting Minor Injustices Has Worked Well Abroad.

Announcement that the Authors' Business League is shortly to go after the wicked but plutocratic magazine publisher and make him behave created a great flutter in literary circles yesterday. Short story writers, long story writers, uplifters, down treads, muckrakers, essayists, critics and poets, to say nothing of regular dramatists, irregular ones, stretch men and librettists, came together at popular centres and declared it to be the boom of the century. There was considerable falling away of excitement, however, when it became known that it did not mean that anybody intended to make the editors take all the stuff submitted.

Men who have been working away quietly at the idea since Louis Joseph Vance and his friends came back from the other side with tales of the strength of the Authors' Society of England and of the Société des Auteurs Dramatiques of France were busy explaining the plan and scope of the organization, which is still in the embryo state.

It is to be something in the nature of a trade union or business association, business exclusively, with no social or honorary adjuncts. It is to be a combination of writers who hope to correct certain little abuses that are prevalent but not universal in the magazine field of the United States. Any man who writes for a publisher or a producer is to be eligible and the only thing the league hopes to do is to insure him full and prompt return for his writing. A circular letter quickly issued does not say whether the return is to be in manuscript or coin, but from the character of the men who are back of the idea it is safe to say it will be the latter in most cases.

A special committee, assisted by an advisory council, is already hard at work on a constitution and by-laws and will be ready to report in a short time.

As one man who is a founder explained yesterday, there are a number of little things most trying to the soul of an author. He submits his manuscript and the editor takes his own sweet time in passing upon it. Nothing can hurry him, although there may be a demand in the market for that particular kind of stuff. He can take it and pay on publication, which may be several generations hence; he may change his mind after acceptance; he may do anything he chooses, then again he may accept, publish, and still withhold the promised stipend. That has been known in many cases and for that the author has no redress except in a court of law.

"In France and England," this author said, "the strong organizations have effected many praiseworthy reforms. They have put the selling of writings on a strict business basis, governed by the rules of everyday business. They are enabled to protect members from impositions and oppressions, to say nothing of actual fraud. I know of one case in France where the exacting editor brought a prosperous producer to book, made him apologize and right a wrong he had done. It has been done in England; it can be done in the United States."

"How is it to be done? Oh, that has not yet been worked out in detail, but we suppose that the authors' association from the book of the Periodical Publishers Association in this country. Several years ago the publishers were asked to send around to the authors lists of writers who had not acted acceptably. The Authors' League certainly should have the same privilege in the case of a magazine or its editor. Then again it could publish or distribute to its members white lists, let me call them, which could set forth what magazines had agreed to follow a business plan we had decided upon. It would work both ways, and we are certain, from assurances received, that all but a few of the periodicals will speedily approve of the league. This author did not know exactly what the requirements for membership would be, but he thought that any person who wrote and who was willing and able to stand behind his work would be eligible. There would be no social adjunct, no honorary degrees or titles, no man or woman who did not need the protection would care to join. The league would be also an attempt to remedy abuses in other directions, like getting after dishonest literary agents, royalty men and others who live on writers."

It was said to be too soon to announce the list of officers, but some of the men who have signified their willingness to join the league are Arthur C. Train, Frederick Palmer, Franklin P. Adams, Arthur Stringer, Jack London, George Randolph Chester, George Ade, Winston Churchill, George Barr McCutcheon and Langdon Mitchell.

## TO SELL TWO CHILDREN.

No Work and No Food Forces Father to Make Strange Offer.

CHICAGO, May 13.—Driven to desperation by hunger, William Daaf, who lives with his wife and five children in a stuffy basement at 220 East Sixteenth street, has been compelled to give away one of his children and now offers two more for sale.

Daaf, a diamond setter, but he has not worked at his trade for some years. He said today that he would like to see his children married, but he has not the money to do so.

Newark Strikers Reject Arbitration. The striking members of the Independent Diggers and Laborers Union in Newark last night declined to consider the proposition to end the strike by agreeing to abide by an arbitration committee to be composed of two union men, two representatives of employers and one outsider.

## Best Table Sauce

Housewives know it for its rare quality and rich flavor.

## LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Best seasoning for Soups, Fish, Roasts, Chops, Gravies, etc.

An Appetizer

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## Seven Million Pairs of Holeproof Hosiery

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Think of it; of 14,000,000 Sox and Stockings, 13,800,000 were longer than the six months' period which they are guaranteed to wear. Don't you think you ought to wear Holeproofs, too? Buy them at one of our stores today.

6 Pair, Guaranteed to Wear 6 Months